## DHSK COMMERCE COLLEGE



# Gender Audit Report 

Coverage- 2018-2023

## Prepared by

Team Members of Criteria 7
IQAC, DHSK Commerce College,
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## The Principal

## DHSK Commerce College

Dibrugarh-786004

Subject: Submission of Gender Audit report

## Respected Sir,

With reference to the subject cited above, on behalf of the entire team, I am pleased to submit the gender audit report for the last 5 years,

Please find herewith the copy of the gender audit report for your kind perusal.

## Thank you

Regards,
Parker Sulu
PankajSahu

Copy to-
IQAC, for information.


## Introduction:

In a world striving for equality and social justice, gender audit emerges as a vital instrument for fostering a more inclusive and equitable society. By critically examining gander audit, we can pave the way for meaningful change and pave a path toward a future where all individuals, regardless of their gender, have equal opportunities and rights.

The below data shows the gender audit for the last 6 years from 2017 to 2022. The data collected is based on the students admitted from the year 2017-2018 to 2022-2023.

1. FIGURE SHOWING GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF STUDENTS ADMITTED IN THE LAST SIX YEARS

2. FIGURE SHOWING GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF UNRESERVED STUDENTS (UR) ADMITTED IN THE LAST SIX YEARS.

3. FIGURE SHOWING GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES/ MORE OTHER BACKWARD CLASSES (OBC/MOBC) ADMITTED IN THE LAST SIX YEARS.

4. FIGURE SHOWING GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF SCHEDULED CASTE (SC) ADMITTED IN THE LAST SIX YEARS.

5. FIGURE SHOWING GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBE (ST) ADMITTED IN THE LAST SIX YEARS.


Observations:

The data represents the percentage of students admitted to DHSK Commerce College over the last six Academic years (2017-2018 to 2022-2023) based on their caste and gender. The data is categorized into four groups: Scheduled Castes (SC), Scheduled Tribes (ST), Other Backward Classes (OBC), and Unreserved (UR). Each group is further divided by gender (Male and Female).

The percentage of male UR students admitted showed some fluctuations over the six-year period. The highest percentage of male admissions was observed in the academic year 201819 ( $60.42 \%$ ), followed by a slight decrease in the following years. Female UR admissions displayed varying percentages throughout the six years. The lowest percentage of female admissions was recorded in the academic year 2022-23 (28.84\%), whereas the highest percentage was observed in 2017-18 (49.67\%). Male OBC admissions were relatively stable, with a noticeable increase in 2022-23 (64.04\%) compared to the initial years. Female OBC admissions showed fluctuating percentages, with the lowest in 2019-20 (34.05\%) and a slight increase in 2021-22 (41.13\%). The percentage of male SC students admitted fluctuated over the years, with the highest percentage in 2017-18 (70.27\%) and the lowest in 2020-21 ( $57.50 \%$ ). Female SC admissions followed an opposite pattern, with the lowest percentage in 2017-18 (29.73\%) and the highest in 2020-21 (42.50\%). Male ST admissions experienced fluctuations, but there is an overall downward trend from 2017-18 to 2022-23. Female ST admissions showed varying percentages, with the lowest in 2017-18 (13.33\%) and the highest in 2018-19 (41.30\%).

## Overall Trends:

In terms of total admissions, male students consistently had a higher representation than female students across all categories and years. The percentage of female students in total admissions showed an increasing trend which is a positive indication.

